



I-85 Widening Phase 1 & 2









Presented by:

TEINFRASTRUCTURE
CONSULTING & ENGINEERING



Primary Firms







Specialty Subconsultants





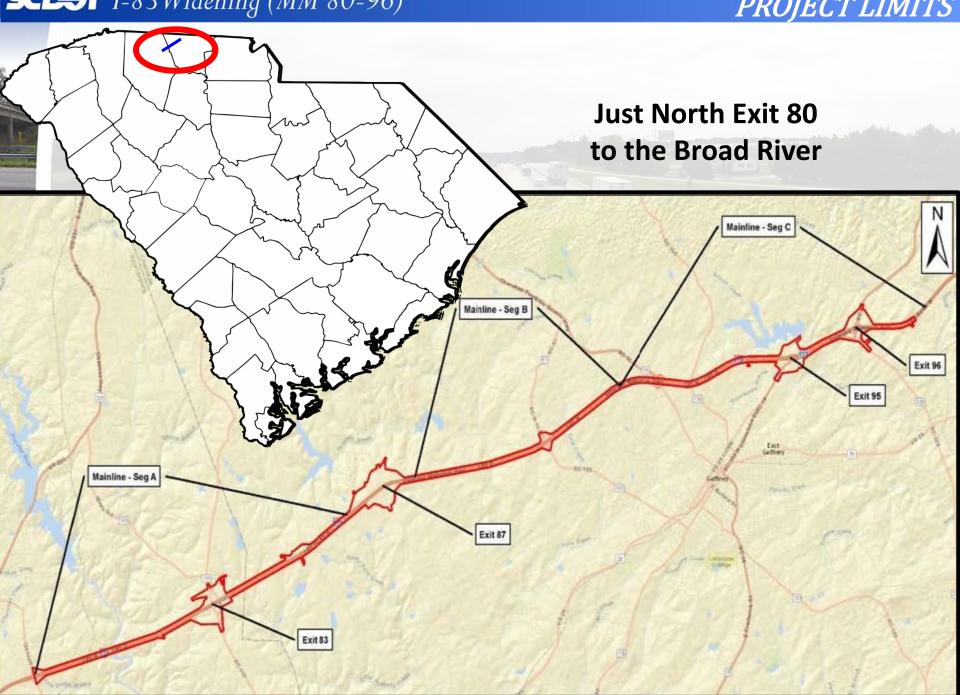












- <u>Late 1920's</u> 2-lane *US29 was constructed* which ran from GA through northern SC into NC.
- <u>Late 1950's US29</u> was widened to four lanes, interchanges and slip ramps and *designated as I-85*.
- Only limited improvements since designated as I-85
 - ❖ 1998 Bridge Replacement over Pacolet River
 - ❖ 2002 Bridge Replacement over Thicketty Creek
 - ❖ 2003 Bridge Replacement over Cherokee Creek
 - ❖ 2003 Interchange Rehab at Exit 90 & Exit 92
 - ❖ 2004 Bridge Replacement over Broad River
 - 2011 Emergency Bridge Replacement at SC 150 (below)



- Widen I-85 from four lanes to six lanes to increase capacity for 18.2 miles
- Interchange Improvements (4 Interchanges)
- Safety Improvements
 - Eliminate Slip Ramps
 - Improve geometrics

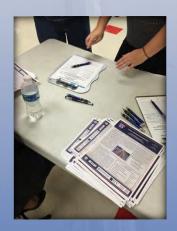




MILESTONES TO DATE

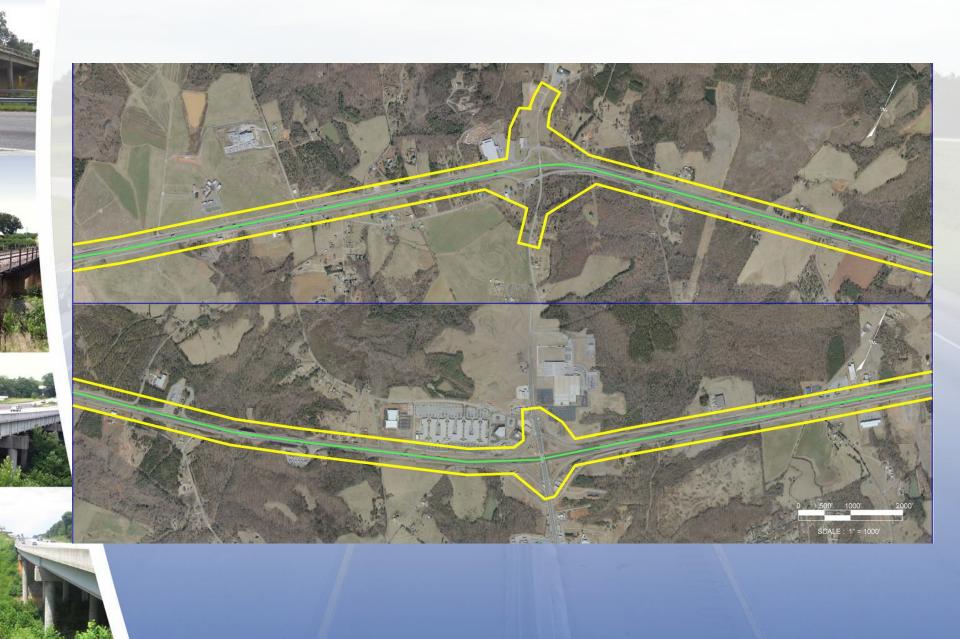
Limited NTP	August 2014
1st Public Information Meeting	November 2014
Full NTP	December 2014
2nd public Information Meeting	March 2015
Selected Preferred Alignments	July 2015
Design Field Review	September 2015
Submit EA for Review	September 2015
Signed Draft EA	October 2015
Public Hearing Scheduled	December 2015



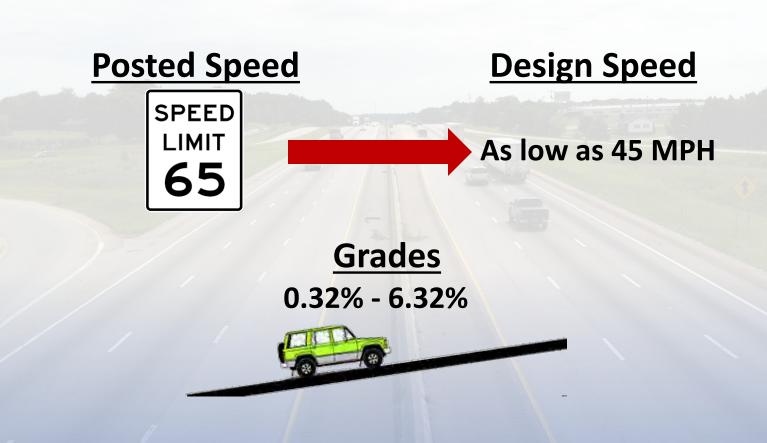












Median Width



Predominantly 36'

Parallel Frontage Roads



On over 50% of Project

- The existing right-of-way is approximately 100 feet to either side of the center line (200 feet total).
- Six interchanges and 15 major bridge structures, including one railroad bridge



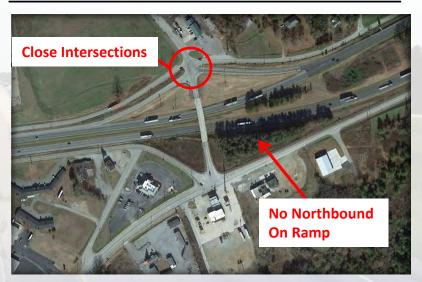
Exit 87 – Two Way Ramps



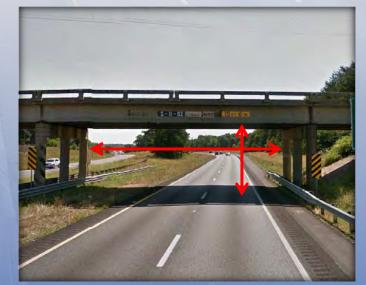
Exit 83 - Direct Driveway Access



Exit 95 – Unconventional Diamonds



Substandard Bridge Clearances



CSX Railroad Bridge



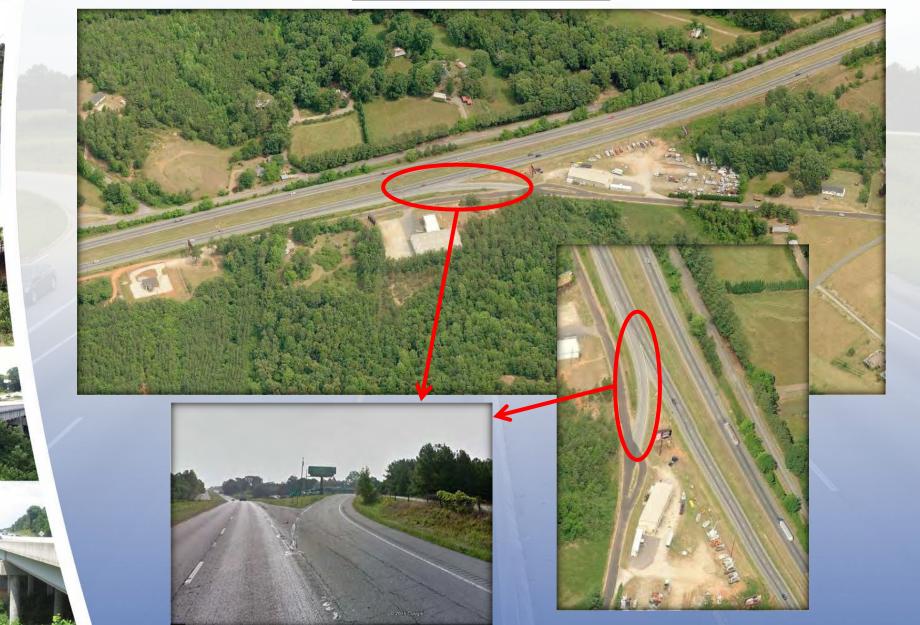






EXISTING CONDITIONS

EXIT 82 SLIP RAMP







EXISTING CONDITIONS





EXIT 90 (SC105 Bridge over I-85)









EXIT 95 SLIP RAMP



EXIT 95 SLIP RAMP

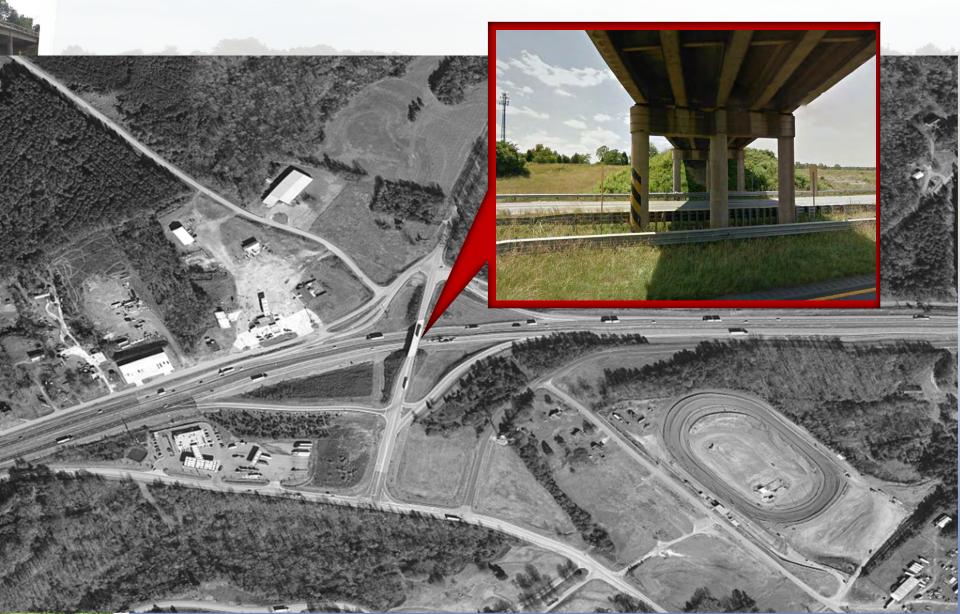






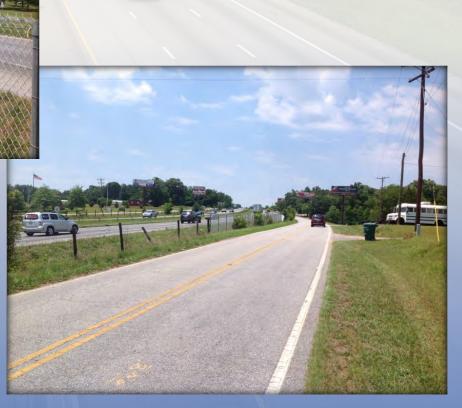


EXIT 96 (SC18/SC329 Bridge over I-85)













ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

Table 1.3

Accident Summary for I-85 Between Mile Markers 80 and 96 January 2011 through December 2013

Location on I-85	Total Crashes	Injuries	Fatalities	Rear End	Angle	Side	Other*
Between Mile Marker 80	117	17	0	F0	7	14	26

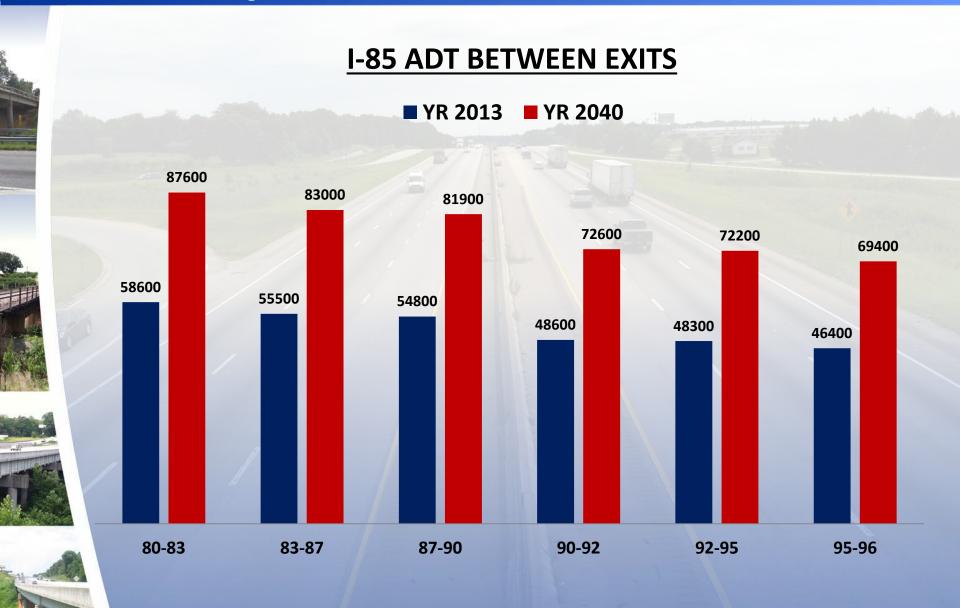
Total Crashes	Injuries	Fatalities	Rear End	Angle	Side	Other*
1,019	155	6	248	59	132	460

Exit 87 and Exit 95			2.00	320	7772	F3	F 214
Exit 95	56	10	0	11	0	17	28
Exit 96	112	19	1.	18	9	14	71
Total Interstate & Interstate Ramp crashes	902	155	6	248	59	132	460
Surrounding Roadways	117	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total	1,019	155	6	248	59	132	460

^{*}includes "not a collision with a motor vehicle," head-on, rear-to-rear

Source: Accident Analysis Report I-85 Widening Project MM 80 to MM 96 Spartanburg and Cherokee Counties, 5

n/a - data not available



30% Truck Traffic



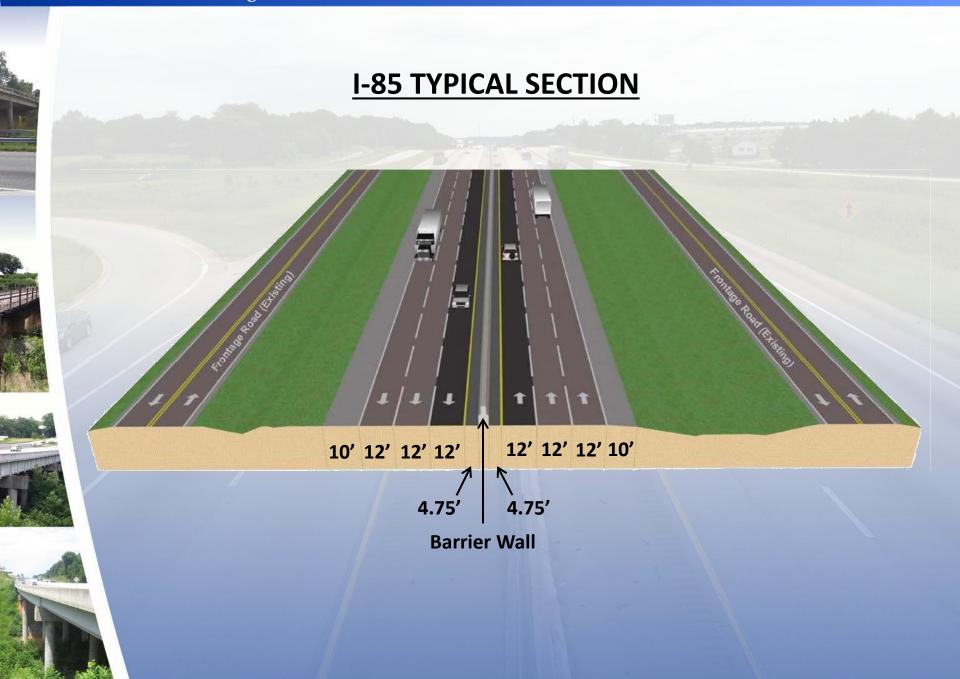
LOS ANALYSIS

		Table 2 Existing and Future Cond			
Segment Exit 80 – 82	2014 Existing AM Peak LOS/Density	2040 Build AM Peak LOS/Density (6 lanes)	2040 Build PM Peak LOS/Density (6 lanes)	Last Year at LOS D	ast ar at OS D
Exit 82 – 83 Exit 83 – 87	C / 22.0 C / 21.1	(b lattes)	(b laties)		036
Exit 8	80 – 82 82 – 83	C / 22.3 *	E / 43.1*	2031	036
.00000000	83 – 87	C/21.0	E / 38.4	2036	2
Exit 8	37 – 90	C/21.1	E/36.4	2036	-
Exit 9	90 – 87	C / 20.5	E / 39.7	2035	-
Exit 8	87 – 83	C / 21.8	E / 40.4	2034	-
Exit 8	83 – 80	C / 25.2	E / 43.2	2032	035 034
Exit 83 – 80	C / 25.2	E / 43.5 F / 48.5	F/708.2 C/25.2	E / 43.2	2032
		been eliminated, creating a sing Traffic Analysis Report	le segment		

I-85 DESIGN CRITERIA

- 65 MPH
- Widening in Median with Concrete Barrier
- 12' lanes
- 12' outside shoulder
- 4.75' inside shoulder Minimum, (variance of 4.0' allowed at bridge piers)
- Grades Match existing

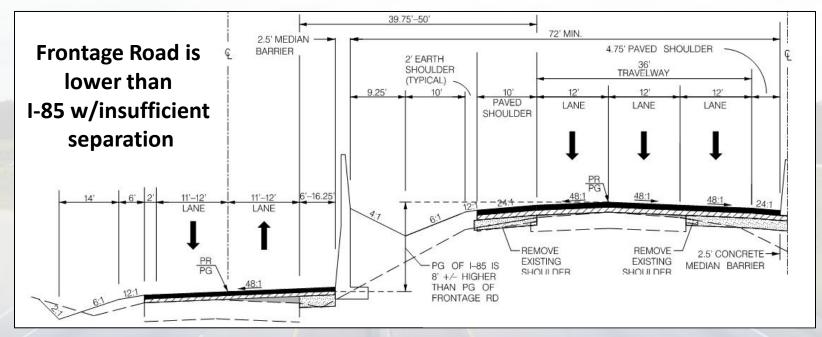


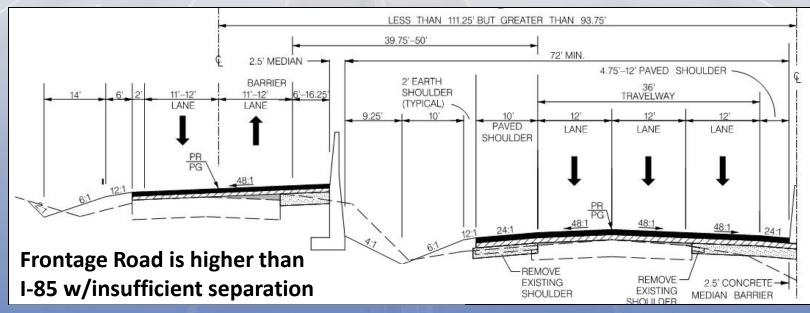


I-85 SPECIAL DESIGN CRITERIA

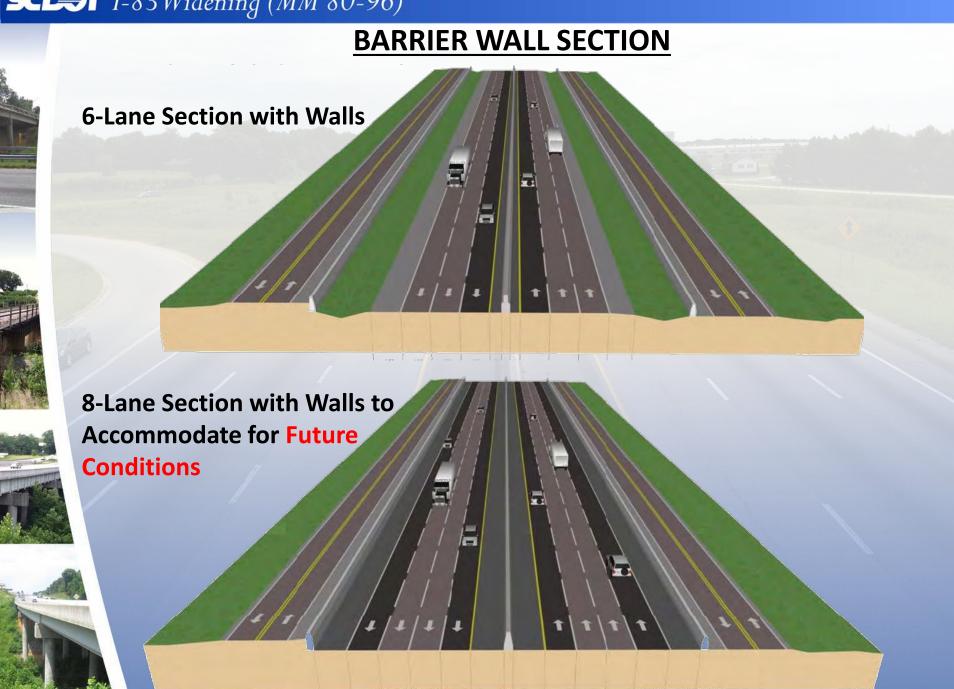
- Concrete Barrier Wall will be required where edge of travelway (EOT) of I-85 is less than 50' from EOT of Frontage Road
- Walls must accommodate for a future 8-lane facility
- Bridges Design Requirements:
 - Long enough to accommodate for a future 8-lane facility
 - High enough to maintain 17' clearance with future widening
 - Drainage designs must accommodate for a future 8-lane facility

SCENT *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*





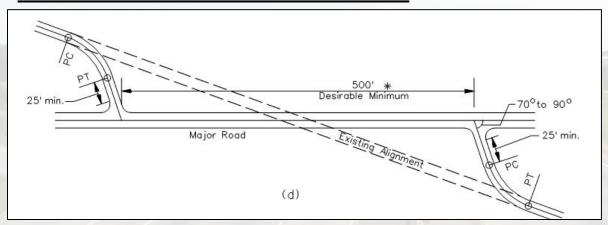




SCENT *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*

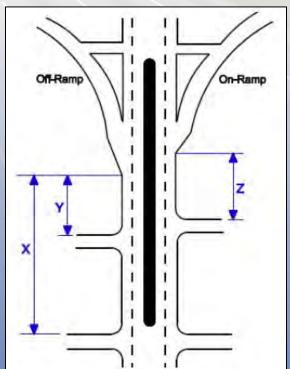


HDM INTERSECTION SPACING

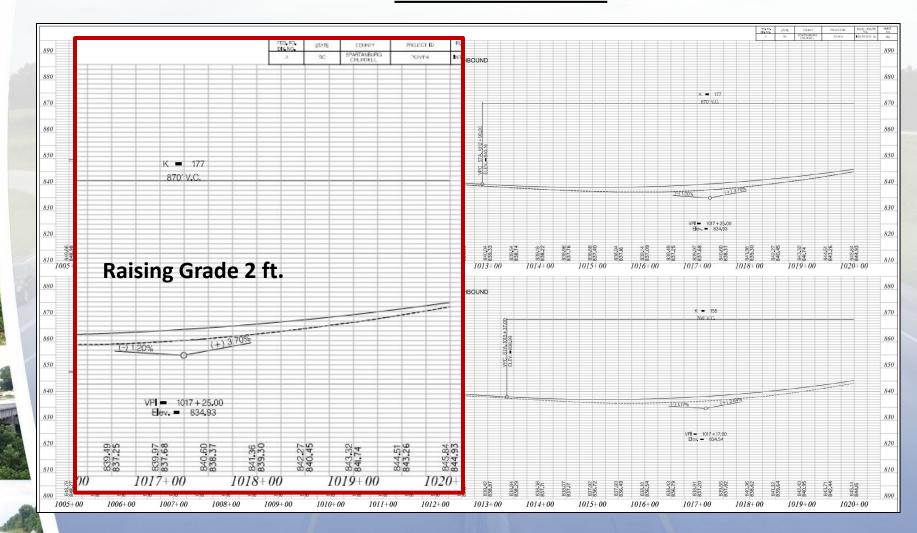


ARMS INTERSECTION SPACING

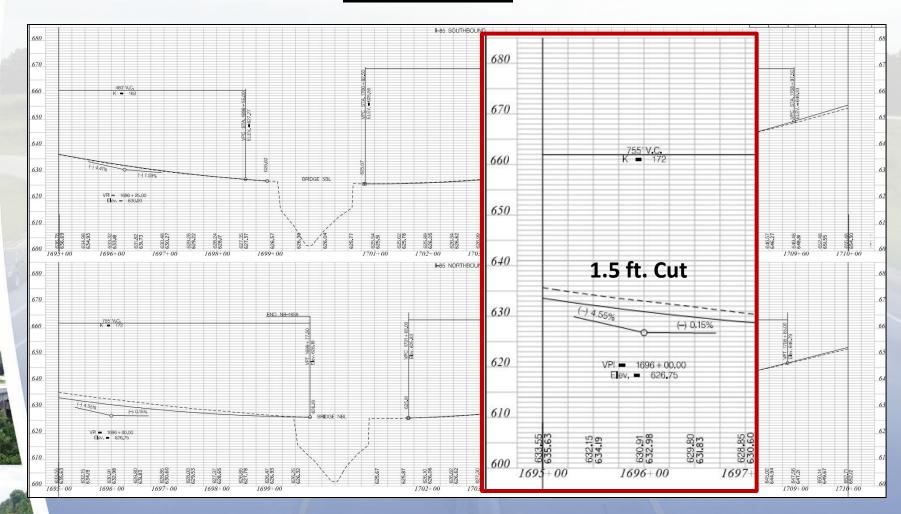
	Distance (ft)	Description
х	750	Distance from the closest interchange ramp to the first full access intersection



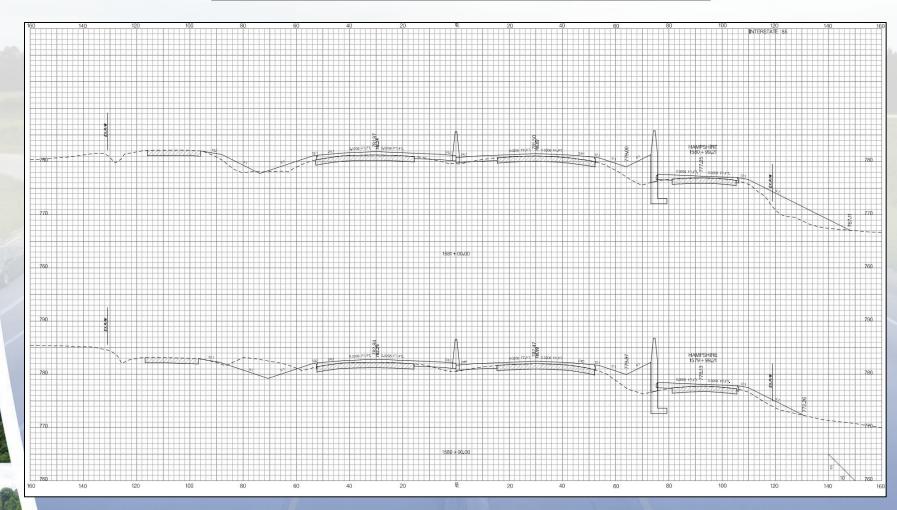
RAISED PROFILE



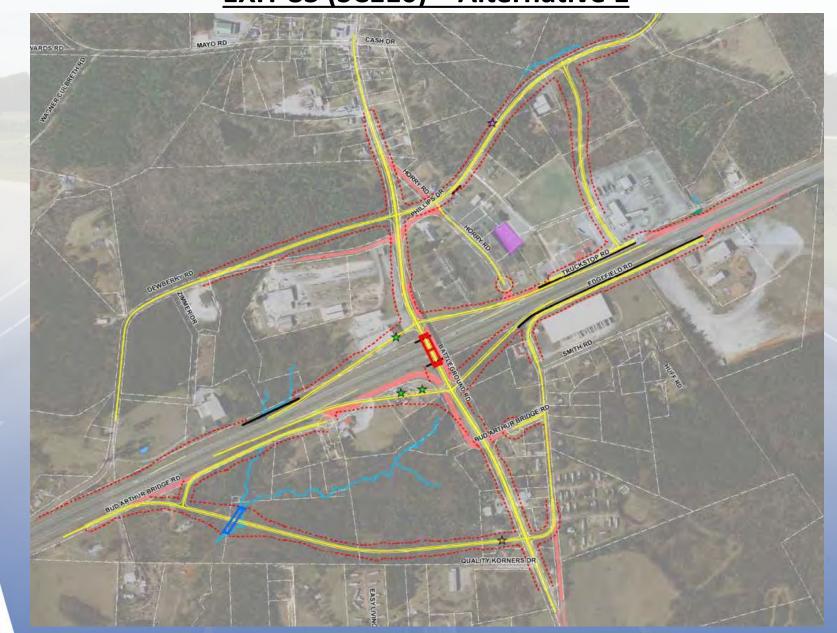
CUT PROFILE



CROSS SECTION WITH BARRIER/WALL



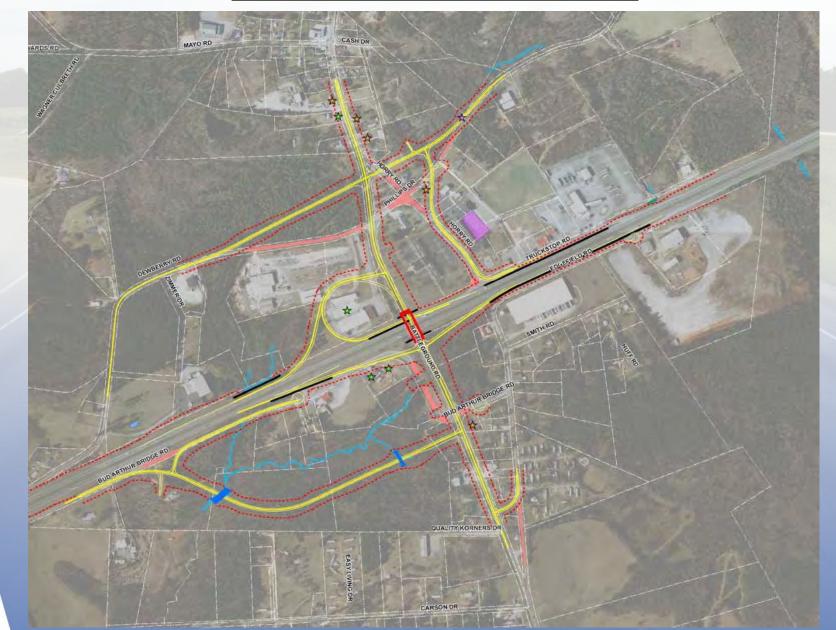
SCET *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*

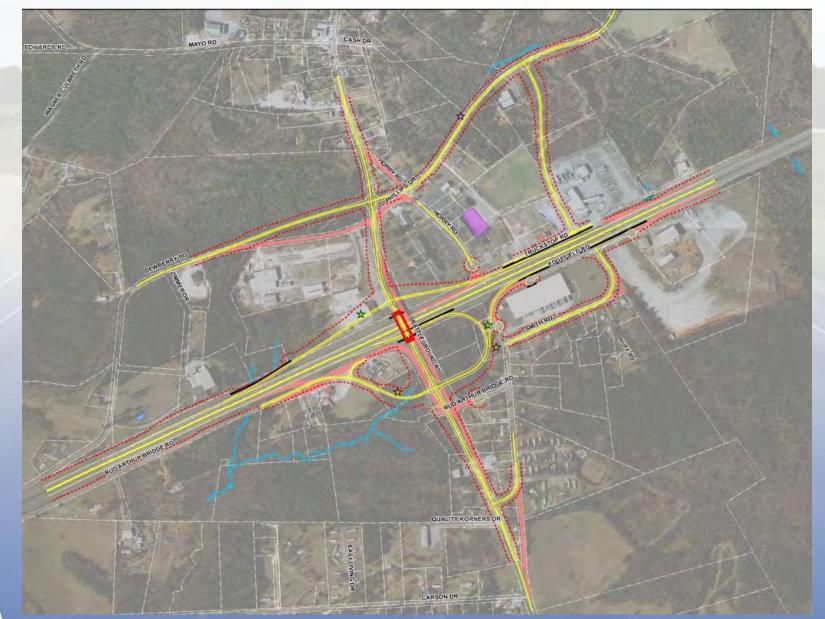


SCET *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*



SCENT *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*



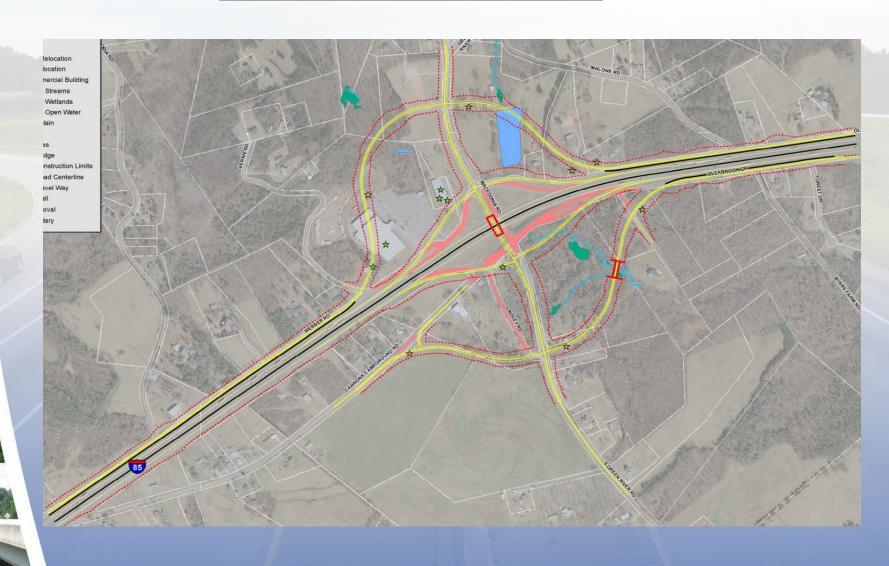


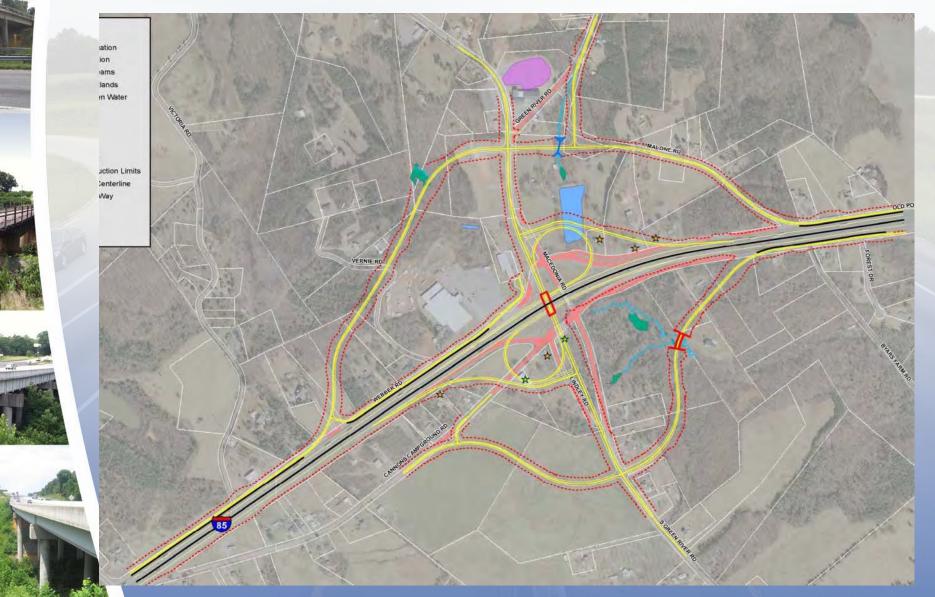
SUNNY SLOPE DRIVE – Alternative 1

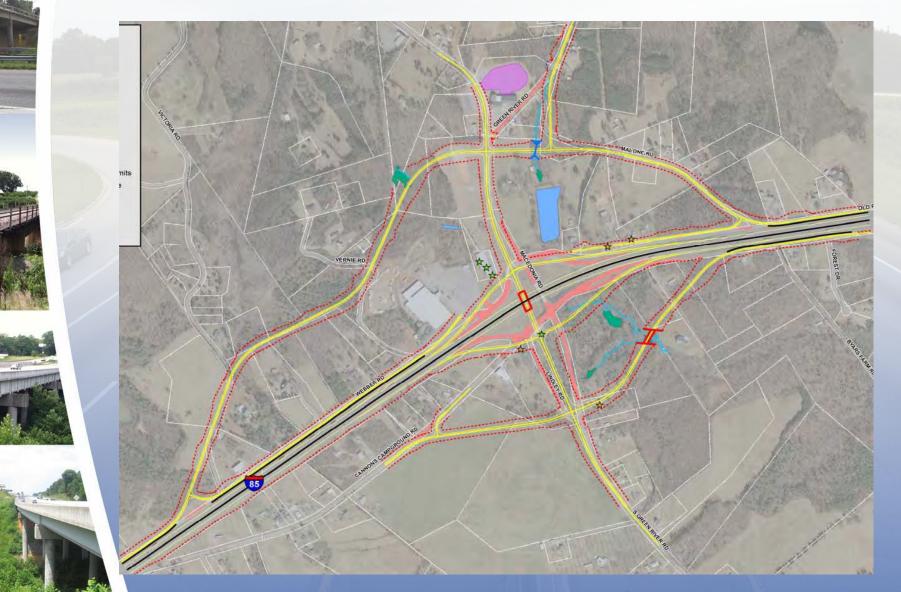


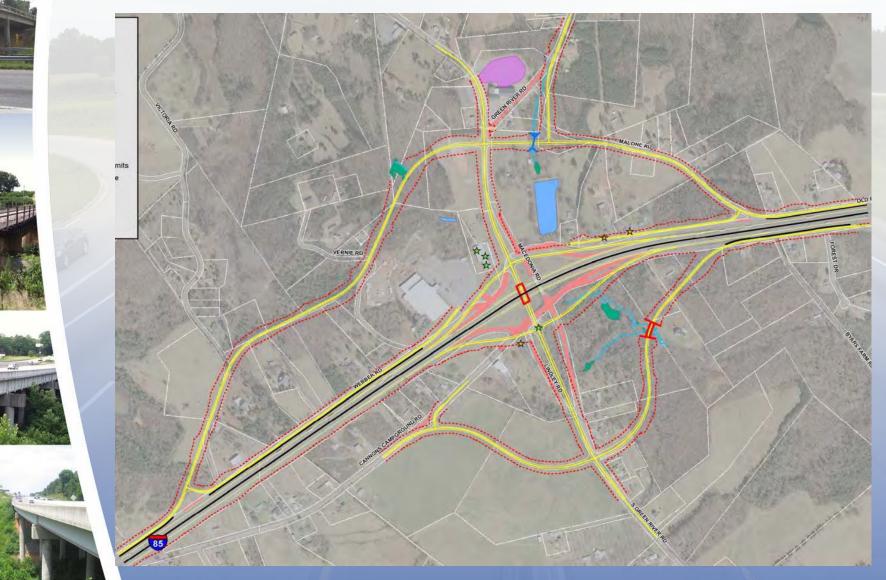
SUNNY SLOPE DRIVE - Alternative 2

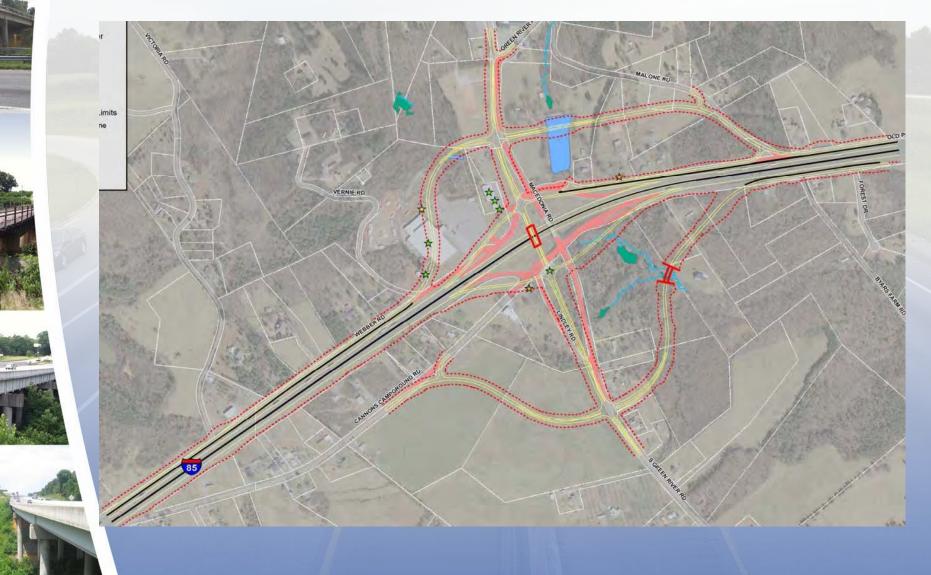












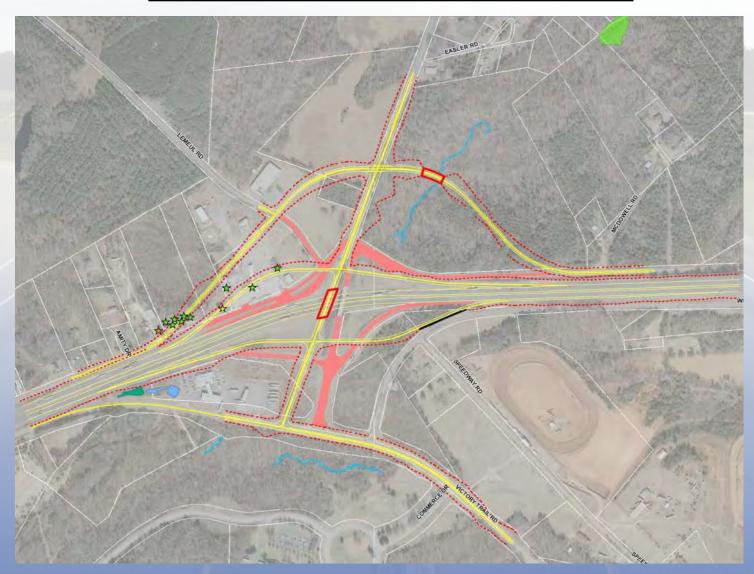
EXIT 95 (S-82) - Alternative 1



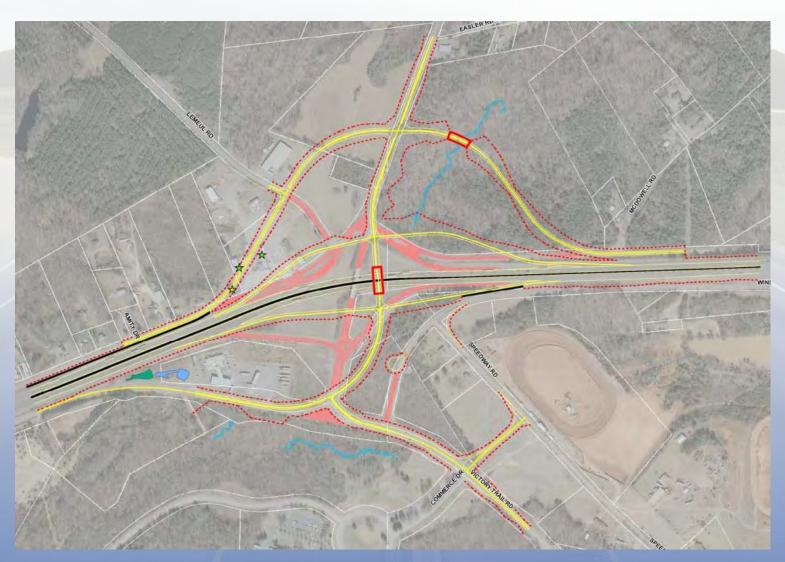
EXIT 95 (S-82) - Alternative 2



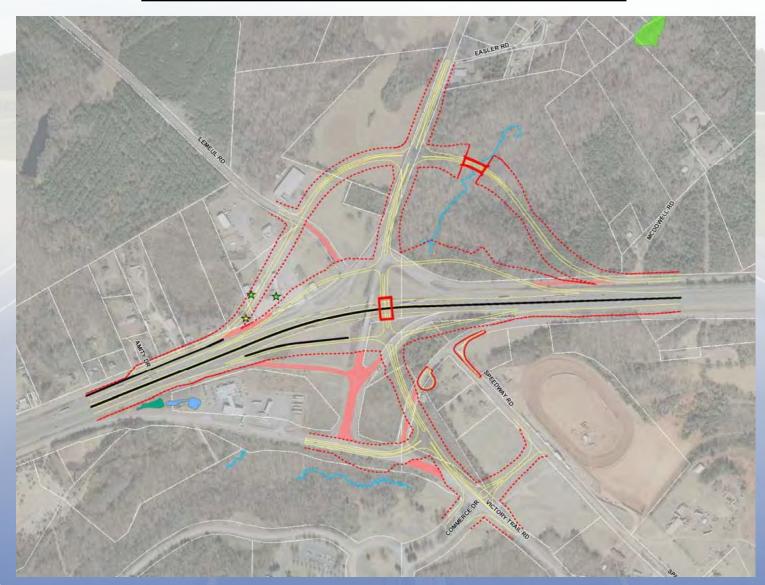
EXIT 96 (SC18/SC329) – Alternative 1

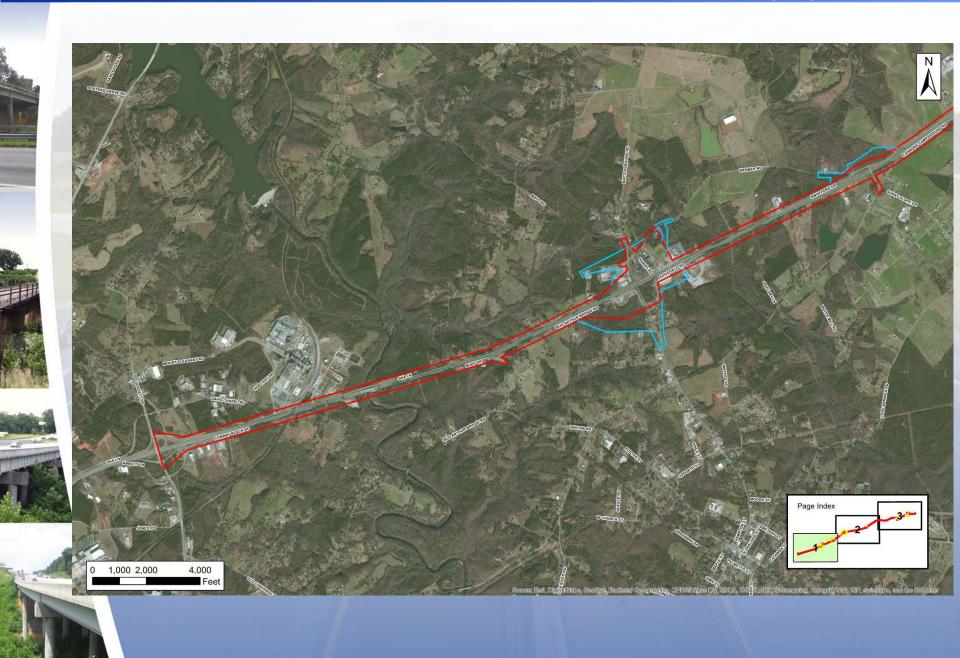


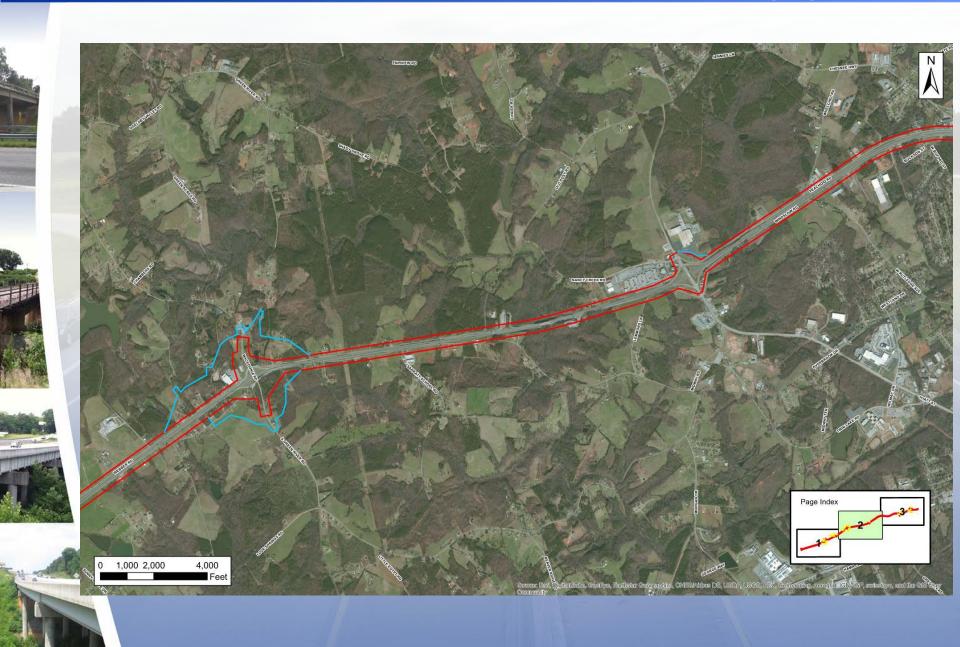
EXIT 96 (SC18/SC329) – Alternative 2

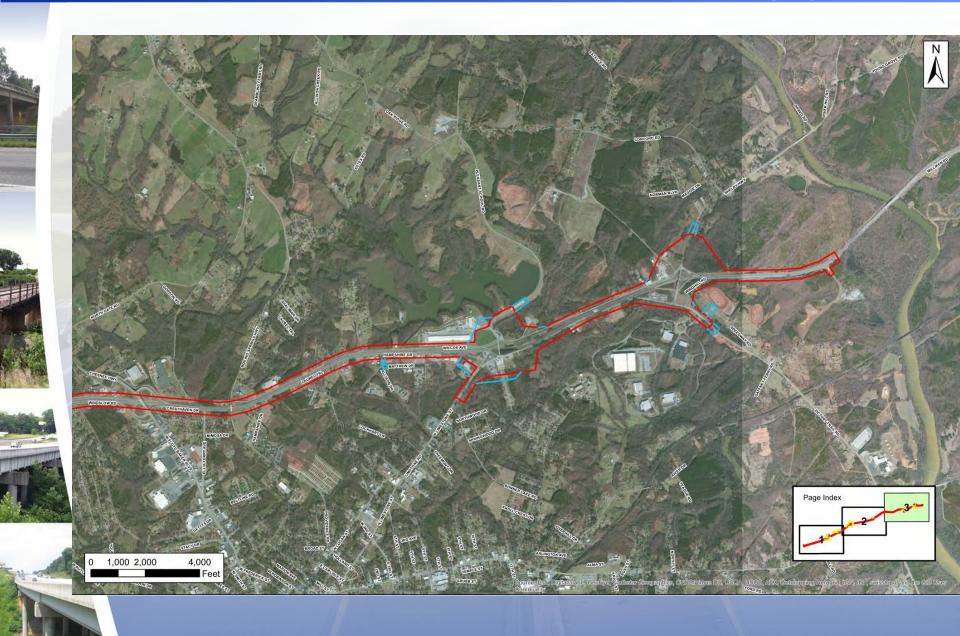


EXIT 96 (SC18/SC329) – Alternative 3









ENDANGERED SPECIES

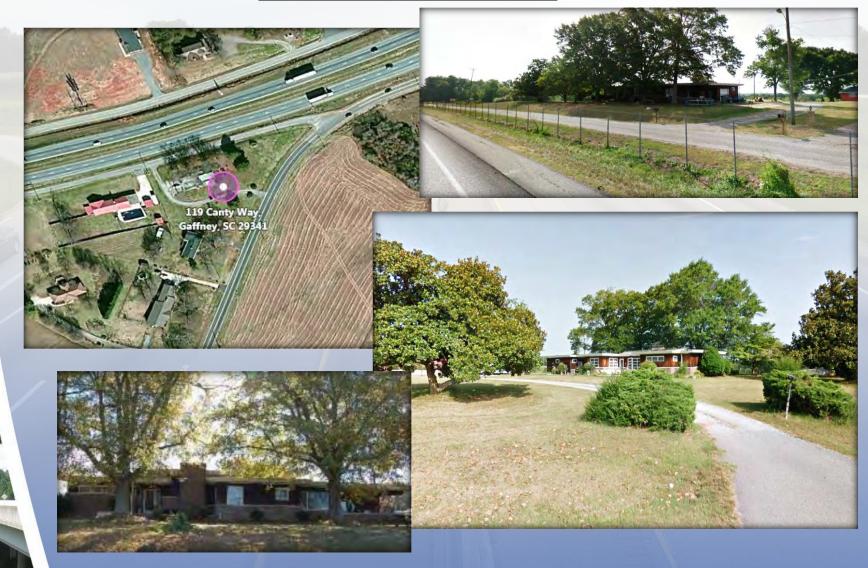








CULTURAL IMPACT Canty Way, Gaffney SC



CUMULATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT MATRIX

Table 2.1 Reasonable Alternatives Analysis Matrix

Categories	Mainline	Sunny Slope Alt 1	Sunny Slope Alt 2	Exit 83	Exit 83	Exit 83	Exit 83	Exit 87	Exit 87 Alt 2	Exit 87	Exit 87	Exit 87	Exit 95 Alt 1	Exit 95 Alt 2	Exit 96	Exit 96	Exit 96
Meets P&N		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Constructability*	Cost	VC	VC	VC	VC	D	VC	E	VC	D	D	D	VC	VC	VC	VC	VC
Cost (Millions)		\$13.5	\$15.9	\$24.9	\$22.8	\$25.2	\$23.4	\$32.7	\$37.4	\$38.4	\$38.3	\$38.4	\$26.8	\$27.3	\$24.2	\$23.7	\$22.6
Wen-Lib (acres)			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
Streams (linear feet)	Strea	ame	0	454	312	480	312	369	611	970	970	369	1,613	399	0	226	226
Ponds (acres)	Juc	a1113	0	0	0	0	0	0.54	0.91	0	0	0.84	0	0	0	0	0
Floodplains	Floodplains, Irene Creek & Broad River	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	2 Zone AE Floodplains, Providence Branch & Lake Whelchel	1 Zone AE Floodplain at Providence Branch	No	No	No
T and E Species	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**	No**
Historical Sites	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Archaeological Sites	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Section 4(f) Sites				No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Relocations	Relo	catio	nns			-									-		
- Business	11010	Cati	5115	3	3	4	2	6	2	4	4	6	6	4	9	2	2
- Residential	3	1	1	1	3	5	2	6	5	4	3	2	9	5	1	0	0
- Vacant Commercial	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
- Other***	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Noise Impacted Receptors	377			116	115	116	116	31	33	35	35	31	116	77	14	15	16
-Residential (NAC B)	178			17	16	17	17	21	22	24	24	21	91	73	14	15	16
-Schools & Churches (NAC C)	75			98	98	98	98	10	10	10	10	10	4	4	0	0	0
-Hotels (NAC E)	124			1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	21	0	0	0	0
Hazardous Material Sites	2	0	0	3	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	1	1
Farmlands (acres)	209.3	12.2	11.2	13	10.2	14.4	8.9	22	34.4	34.1	35.8	28.4	8.5	10.2	13.4	12.7	12.1

^{*&}quot;Constructability" is defined as Very Constructible (VC), Difficult (D), and Extremely Difficult (E, Closure of entire interchange for extended period during construction).



^{**}The Northern long-eared bat (NLEB) may occur in the study area. Avoidance and Minimization Measures will be implemented to avoid impacts to the NLEB.

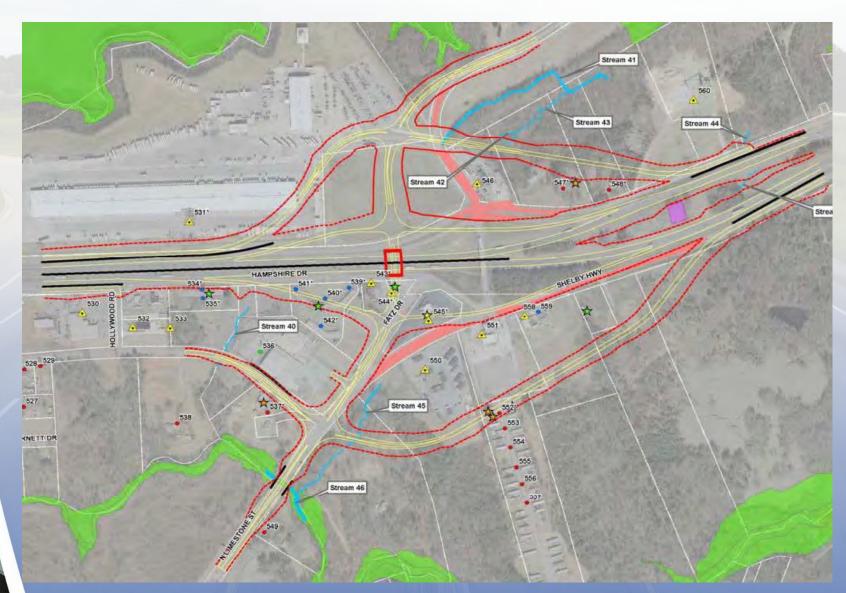
EXIT 83 (SC110) – Preferred Alternative



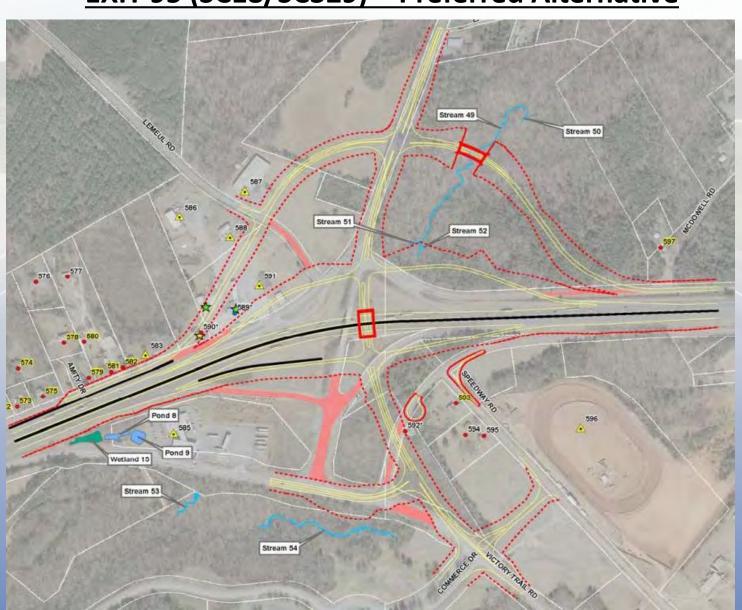
EXIT 87 (S-39) – Preferred Alternative



EXIT 95 (S-82) – Preferred Alternative



EXIT 95 (SC18/SC329) - Preferred Alternative



SCENT *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*

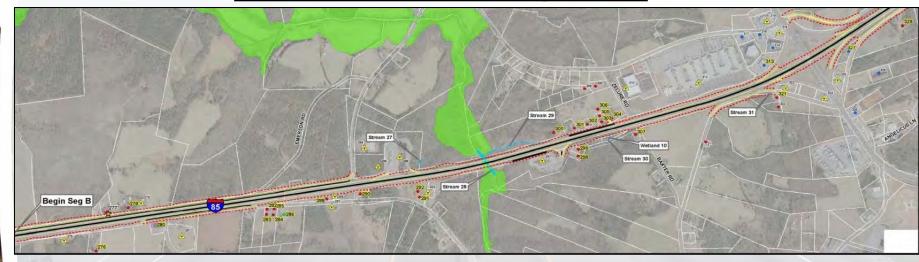
NOISE RECEPTORS – Segment A





SCENT *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*

NOISE RECEPTORS – Segment B





SCET *I-85 Widening (MM 80-96)*

NOISE RECEPTORS – Segment C





IMPACTS OF PREFERRED ALTERNATIVES

Residential Relocations	13
Business Relocations	15
Endangered Species	0





IMPACTS OF PREFERRED ALTERNATIVES

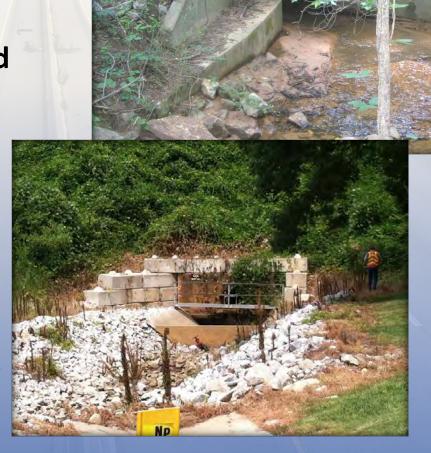
Residential Relocations	13
Business Relocations	15
Endangered Species	0
Stream Impacts	1279 LF
Wetland Impacts	.25 Acres
Pond Impacts	.84 Acres
Floodplain Impacts	2 locations
Cultural Impacts	1 Location

Estimated Construction Cost \$245 Million



DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

- Analyzed 176 cross line pipes
- All crossline pipes were surveyed and videoed
- HY-8 was used to analyzed cross line pipe
- 103 capacity needs to be increased based on HY-8 analysis



SUE/UTILTIY COORDINATION

- Performed Level B & C SUE for entire project
- Utilities are in the process of verifying SUE and determining prior rights





GEOTECHNICAL

- Pavement borings (SCDOT performing pavement design)
- Bridge borings
- Retaining wall borings
- Culvert extension borings



DESIGN EXCEPTIONS BEING PREPARED

- 5 crest vertical curves DS 55=/>65 mph (Would require 7'-10' of cut to achieve 65 mph DS)
- 10 sag vertical curves DS 55=/>65 mph (Would require 7' – 10' of buildup or replace bridged to achieve 65 mph DS)
- 5 locations have grades that exceed 5%



REMAINING PROJECT MILESTONES

Public Hearing Comments	January 2016
Design-Build RFQ	January 2016
FONSI	February 2016
Finalize Preliminary Plans	February 2016
Design-Build RFP	Summer 2016
NTP Design-Build Contract	Fall 2016
Complete Construction	Fall 2020 to Early 2021





QUESTIONS